

LDDC 1550/LSC 1650 Operators Manual



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1 Introduction

The Quantum Composers Laser Diode Driver Controller (LDDC) and Laser System Controller (LSC) provide a means of controlling various types of laser diode driver supplies. It allows the ability to easily control current levels, pulse modes, and interlock controls as well as monitor voltage and current levels from the driver. The LDDC/LSC provides an easy user interface for manual control and readout as well as USB connectivity for remote computer control. The LSC unit offers additional features such as q-switch triggering, external triggering, sync output, and additional I/O signals.

2 Setup

The LDDC/LSC can easily be connected to a laser diode driver. In most cases a simple cable is all that is required to interface with the driver and provide power to the unit. If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.



Figure 1 (LDDC Connections)



Figure 2 (LSC Connections)

Power

The LDDC/LSC requires a 15-24VDC (200mA) power supply to operate. The included wall adapter can be used to power the unit. The power adapter should be plugged into the rear panel of the unit that is labeled 15VDC. If a different power source is used, the required mating connector is a standard, circular female plug with the following dimensions: 5.5mm x 2.1 mm x 12mm (outer diameter x inner diameter x connector length). A power switch on the rear of the unit will turn on the controller. The controller can also be powered directly from some driver supplies that have an auxiliary DC output of at least 15V @ 200mA on pins 13 or 14 of the interface connector. Please refer to the operator's manual of the laser driver supply to verify if an auxiliary supply pin is available. Power can be applied by both the wall adapter and the driver supply since the supplies will be internally protected. If the 15VDC power is derived from the

Driver I/O connector pins 13 and 14, it is required that the current be limited to less than 8A by means of fusing it at 5A. If an external power supply is chosen to be used, it is recommended that the mains outlet be easily accessible so that the plug of the external power supply can be easily removed.

Driver Connection

The LDDC/LSC to driver connection in most cases will only require a straight through DB15 connection. Please verify that your particular driver has a compatible pin out. Refer to the Interface Connection Table for detailed pin out descriptions. A custom cable can be made if necessary to connect to drivers that do not use the same pin outs as the LDDC/LSC. WARNING, incorrect connections can damage either the LDDC/LSC or the diode driver.

LSC Connections

The LSC unit has additional connections for q-switch triggering, external triggering, sync output and additional I/O. The q-sw trigger has an adjustable delay referenced off the falling edge of the pulse control signal. This allows for optimum adjustment of triggering a q-switch driver. The external trigger input allows the LSC to be externally triggered via an external source. Rising and falling edges can be selected as well as various modes. The additional I/O connector offers additional signals: photodiode input, two thermistor inputs, a 0-10V analog output, a 0-5V analog input and 3 TTL inputs that can be monitored.

Communication

The LDDC/LSC provides a standard USB connection for remote communications. An optional Ethernet connection is also available.

USB

When the LDDC/LSC is connected to a remote computer via the USB connection, the computer will recognize the unit as a "LDDC Controller". Drivers will need to be installed for the remote computer to interface to the LDDC/LSC. Drivers are included on the provided CD. Once the drivers have been installed, the LDDC/LSC will show up in the device manager as a USB to Serial Port Adapter. The LDDC/LSC can then be communicated with by using any terminal program. The unit is baud rate independent, so any speed can be selected. Typically a rate of 115,200bps can be used.

Driver Installation (Windows XP)

- 1. Plug the LDDC/LSC into the computer using a USB cable. Make sure the unit is powered on.
- 2. The computer will pop up a message indicating it has found new hardware: "LDDC Controller".
- 3. The new hardware wizard will launch. Check the "Install from a list or specific location" option and click next.
- 4. Then select "Search for the best driver in these locations" and check the option to "Include this location in the search". Then click the browse button and locate the folder on the CD where the LDDC/LSC drivers are located. Click next.

- 5. A message window will launch asking if you want to continue installing this driver. Select the "Continue Anyway" button.
- 6. It should now indicate the it is installing a driver for a "LDDC USB Communications Port".
- 7. A message should then indicate that the drivers have been successfully installed.
- 8. You can now communicate with the LDDC/LSC using a Com port selection. You can view the Com port number assigned to the LDDC/LSC in your computers device manager under Ports.

Driver Installation (Windows 7)

- 1. Plug the LDDC/LSC into the computer using a USB cable. Make sure the unit is powered on.
- 2. The computer will pop up a message indicating it has found new hardware and is installing device driver software.
- 3. A message will then indicate that the device drivers have not been successfully installed. The Action Center may then launch with a list of options. Close the Action Center and do not launch any of the actions.
- 4. Go to your computers device manager. This can be done by either right clicking on the desktop "My Computer" icon and selecting properties, then Device Manager on the left toolbar or go to Control Panel and then Device Manager.
- 5. In Device Manager you should see a device under the Other Devices called the LDDC Controller. There will be a yellow exclamation point next to it.
- 6. Right click on the LDDC Controller and select update driver software.
- 7. Select Browse my computer for driver software and browse to the location of the USB drivers for the LDDC/LSC. Typically found on the software CD. It will contain a file called "lddccdc.inf". You only have to select the folder in which the file resides, not the file itself. Click next.
- 8. Windows will then indicate a warning window that the drivers are not verified. Select Install this driver software anyway.
- 9. A message will then indicate that the drivers have been successfully updated and a LDDC USB Communication Port is now available.
- 10. You can now communicate with the LDDC/LSC using a Com port selection. You can view the Com port number assigned to the LDDC/LSC in your computers device manager under Ports.

Ethernet

The Ethernet is an optional communication method. Please visit <u>www.quantumcomposers.com</u> for more information on this future feature.

3 User Controls



Figure 3 (User Controls)

The main user controls consist of:

- <u>Enable/Disable</u>. This button is used to initially enable the driver. On supplies that have both an enable and a pulse control signal, this will activate the enable signal. On units that do not have pulse control, this will enable the activation of the enable control signal via the start/stop button.
- <u>Page</u>. This button is used to cycle through each page on the unit. Once the final page is reached, it will go back to the first page.
- <u>Up Arrow</u>. This button is used to increment parameters or change selections. The amount the parameter is increased is dependent on the digit position.
- <u>Next</u>. This is used to navigate to the next line item in a particular page. Some pages may have only one item and others may have four.
- <u>Start/Stop</u>. This is used to either initiate pulsing of the supply using the pulse control signal or it will activate the enable signal for supplies that do not have a pulse control. The start will only become "active" once the enable condition has been activated.
- <u>Left Arrow</u>. This button will allow you to move the cursor to the next most significant digit to the left.
- <u>Down Arrow</u>. This button is used to decrement parameters or change selections. The amount the parameter is decreased is dependent on the digit position.
- <u>Right Arrow</u>. This button will allow you to move the cursor to the next least significant digit to the right.
- <u>Encoder/Selector</u>. This rotary encoder can be used to increment or decrement parameters or toggle between item selections. The amount of the increment/decrement is based on the digit position. Pressing the encoder knob has the same function as the next button to advance to the next menu line item.

4 Display/Indicators

The following are used for user indicators and information:

- A 4 line x 16 character LCD backlit display. This display will show various information depending on the active screen.
- 3 indicator LEDs. An Enabled indicator (Blue) shows when the unit is in an enabled state, ready to fire or start pulsing the supply. An Active indicator (Green) shows when the unit is actively allowing the supply to fire. A Fault indicator (Yellow) will indicate if any open interlock or fault condition has occurred.

5 Menu Information

The following describes the various LCD menu pages and operation of each item on the pages. Any menu parameter shown inside brackets designates the potential to be navigated to and manually altered.

Verification Page



This verification page is a warning to be sure that your maximum current setting and the driver selected is correct. This maximum current setting can be verified or changed on the System Setup #1 page. The driver can also be verified on the first setup page. Press any key to advance the page to the main display. The next page displayed after pressing any key will be the first setup page so you can verify that the correct setup is selected.

WARNING: If the maximum current does not match the driver you are controlling then unexpected current levels may be driven if not careful. This could possibly damage the laser diode.

Main Page

S	tatus:	Disabl	e d
Ι	Set :	05.00	Α
Ι	Meas:	05.00	Α
V	Meas:	10.00	V

The main page shows status information, allows adjustment of the set current, measures the current feedback and the voltage feedback from the driver.

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<u>Line 1:</u> Status indicator line that will show the system status, which would include any interlock faults, enabled and actively running. The different status items displayed are:

- Disabled. Neither the enable state or the fire state is active. The unit is in a disabled state.
- Enble-Off. The unit has been enabled and is ready to be fired. If the supply has an enable and a pulse control ability, the enable line (pin 1) will be active. If the unit does not have pulse control cabability, then the unit is just in an enabled state and the enable control line is not yet active.
- Enble-On. This indicates that the unit is enabled and is actively firing (providing current to the diode). In units with pulse capability, the enable line is high and the pulse control signal (pin 8) is active. In units with only enable control, the enable line is now active.
- Fault. A system fault has occurred. Currently this means that an over-temp condition has occurred. The Fault LED indicator will also be illuminated.

<u>Line 2:</u> I Set. This is the current setting to the diode driver on pin 7. The resolution of the setting is based on the adjustment resolution and the maximum current set in the calibration page. This controls the level of the I Program output signal. The signal will vary from 0-10V to control the amount of current the power supply will provide to the laser diode.

Line 3: I Meas. This is the measured current from the current monitor signal from the driver on pin 6. The current displayed is based on a reading from the power supplies 0-10V current monitor signal. This is then displayed in amps based on the maximum current setting value. See System Setup Page #1. When in CW mode, this value is read continously. When in a pulsed mode, the value is sampled right after the rising edge of the pulse control signal. Please refer to the Analog Measurement section of the manual for details and limitations.

Line 4: V Meas. This is the voltage measurement from the compliance voltage or terminal voltage of the driver on pin 5. The voltage displayed is based on a reading from the power supplies 0-10V voltage monitor signal. This is then displayed in volts based on the compliance voltage setting value. See System Setup Page #1. This value is continously read. Please refer to the Analog Measurement section of the manual for details and limitations.

Pulse Mode Page



The pulse mode page allows you to setup the type of pulse control that will be utilized. It also allows you to control the pulsed repetition rate, desired pulse width and number of burst counts (if in burst mode).

<u>Line 1:</u> Mode. This will set the system firing mode. Options include: Continuous Wave, Pulsed, Burst, or Single Shot. If the unit is set to have pulse control disabled, then only CW mode will be available and the remaining pulse options will be unavailable. See System Setup #2 page. <u>Line 2:</u> Rate. This sets the repetition rate (in Hz) when in pulsed or burst mode. The maximum rate is dependent on the max rate setting on System Setup #1 page.

<u>Line 3:</u> Width. This sets the pulse width (in seconds) of the triggering pulse to the driver when in pulsed, burst or single shot mode. The width adjustment will be limited to a maximum of roughly 90% of the rate period.

Line 4: Count. This sets the number of shots when in burst mode. The unit will pulse this number of times when in burst mode.

Q-Switch, External Trigger and Sync Page (LSC 1650 Only)

Q - Switch:Disable D e l a y : +0.0002000 E x t T r i g : D i s a b l e S y n c : D i s a b l e

The the q-sw/ext trigger/sync page will display options for enabling the q-sw trigger output, set the q-sw trigger delay, set external triggering options and sync options. See the specifications section pertaining to the LSC for details on the electrical and timing.

Line 1: Q-Switch. This will toggle between Enable and Disable for the q-switch trigger output signal.

<u>Line 2:</u> Q-Switch Delay. This sets the amount of q-switch delay referenced from the falling edge of the pulse control signal. This value can go positive or negative. Resolution is in 200ns increments. There is a maxumum overal delay adjustment of 12.2 milliseconds or \pm -6.1 milliseconds referenced from the falling edge. The delay amount will be limited based on the pulse control width and period of the rep rate.

Line 3: External Trigger. This sets the external triggering option. The external trigger can be used to start or stop the pulsing of the unit. How the unit operates in external trigger mode will also depend on the pulse mode setting. The action can be set to either active high or active low modes. Active high referes to a signal that transitions from a low state (0V) to a high state (>2V). Active low referes to a signal that transitions from a high state (>2V) to a low state (0V). The pulse mode setting will determine if the unit starts a sequence of pulses or only generates one pulse. The various external triggering modes are:

- Disable. This disables the external trigger and the unit is only triggered internally.
- Start Rising Edge. This will trigger the unit to start generating a pulse or sequence of pulses on a rising edge signal.
- Start Falling Edge. This will trigger the unit to start generating a pulse or sequence of pulses on a falling edge signal.
- Stop Rising Edge. This will stop the unit if it is already generating pulses when a rising edge signal is received.
- Start/Stop Rising Edge. This will start the unit on the first received rising edge pulse and then stop the unit on the next rising edge pulse. Basically two pulses would start then stop the unit.
- Start/Stop Falling Edge. This will start the unit on the first received falling edge pulse and then stop the unit on the next falling edge pulse. Basically two pulses would start then stop the unit.
- Gate Active High. The unit will start running as long as a high level (>2V) is present on at the external trigge input.

• Gate Active Low. The unit will start running as long as a low level (0V) is present on at the external trigge input.

<u>Line 4:</u> Sync Ouptut. The sync output is a TTL signal that can be synchronized to the pulse control signal, q-sw trigger or a combination of both. See specifications section for details on timing. Modes are:

- Disable. Sync signal not active.
- Pulse Control. Will follow the pulse control signal state.
- Q-SW Control. Will follow the q-sw trigger signal state.
- Pulse/Q-Sw. Will follow the rising edge of the pulse control and end on the rising edge of the q-sw control.

Interlock Status Information Page



The status information page will display the general system status, the crowbar status and the over termperature status. It also allows you to adjust the external interlock control.

Line 1: Status. Stautus information screen. This is the same information as described on the Main Page.

Line 2: Interlock. This is an interlock control output to the driver. When set to On, the interlock on the driver is satisfied. This means that the output of the connection pin 3 is pulled to ground which will satisfy the supply interlock input. When set to Off, it is open. See System Setup #2 page if you wish to have this interlock control satisfied by default. You must satisfy the power supply interlock input in order to enable the ouput current control.

<u>Line 3:</u> Crowbar. This is the Crowbar Status from the diode driver (Pin #2). When a no load condition is detected, the driver shorts the outputs. This will indicate if this is shorted or ok to run. Not all diode drivers will have this status.

<u>Line 4:</u> Over Temp. This is the over-temperature indicator read from pin 11. When an over temperature condition is sensed, the fault indication will be set. If the supply does not have an overtemperature signal, this can be bypassed by changing the settings on System Setup #2 page.

System Setup Page #1



The first system setup page allows you to select the type of driver you have and adjust the expected compliance voltage and current ranges from the driver the LDDC/LSC is controlling. Please refer to your specific diode driver data sheet for these values.

This setup page also allows you to set a maximum pulsed rate if the driver or diode has a limitation on the frequency of the pulsed rate. These values can be stored for later recall in the save/recall page.

<u>Line 1:</u> Driver Selection. This allows you to select various types of Lumina Power drivers. Once a driver has been selected, various features and functions may be enabled or disabled depending on that models capability. If you are using a model not listed, select the "Custom" option. <u>Line 2:</u> C Voltage. This is the compliance voltage calibration setting. Each driver can have a specific compliance voltage that is part of the model number. The measured compliance voltage on the main page is based off this value. If your supply provides a direct one to one output of the compliance voltage, then the compliance voltage calibration can be reduced to zero or set to a value of 10. When set to zero, you will see a "Direct" indication on the display.

<u>Line 3:</u> Maximum I. This is the maximum current (in amps) output of the driver connected to the controller. This depends on the driver model and wattage. The current setting on the main page is based on this maximum value. You will also see a warning screen when the controller is first powered up verifying this setting.

<u>Line 4:</u> Max Rate. The maximum repetition rate (in Hz) when in continuous or burst mode. This should be set to whatever the driver maximum pulsed repetition rate is. The active rate cannot be adjusted higher than this value.

System Setup Page #2



The system setup page #2 allows you to setup interlock default states and whether or not the LDDC/LSC should allow pulsing of the driver. Please refer to the diode driver data sheet for the specific interlock options and whether or not it supports pulsed modes. These values can be stored for later recall in the save/recall page.

Line 1: Indication of System Setup #2 page. No function.

<u>Line 2:</u> Temp Fault bypass. This will allow you to bypass the over temperature fault input on pin 11. Options are either En (enable) or Byp (Bypass). Not all drivers have the temperature fault indication so this allows that input to be ignored.

<u>Line 3:</u> Intlk Cntrl. Interlock control bypass. This will allow you to bypass the manual operation of the interlock control on the Status Information Page. When set to Byp (bypass), the interlock will automatically be enabled on power up. The default setting is En (enabled). When enabled, you must manually operate the interlock control on the Status Information Page.

Line 4: Pulse Enable. This setting will turn on or off the pulsing capability of the controller. Since not all drivers can be pulsed or utilize a pulse control signal, this function can be enabled or disabled. The default is on. Once the pulse control has been disabled, the only mode available on the Pulse Mode Page will be CW. Once the pulse control has been disabled, the enable control signal will be activated (high) when the controller is first enabled and then started by pressing the start button.

Save/Recall Settings Page



The Save/Recall page allows you to store all the setup and general settings into storage "bins" or locations. These are saved in non-volitale memory for recall at later times. The last stored bin number will be the one recalled when the unit is powered back on. NOTE: whenever a bin is recalled, the unit will be taken out of enabled and active mode along with reducing the set current to zero. This is for safety reasons in case the recalled parameters are incorrect for the type of driver or laser diode.

Line 1: Indication of Save/Recall page. No function.

<u>Line 2:</u> Storage Bin. This selects the desired storage bin for recalling from or saving to. There are 5 storage locations from 1-5 to select from. All calibration and system settings will be recalled or stored to the selected bin number.

Line 3: Save/Recall. This selects the action to perform, either a save or recall.

<u>Line 4:</u> Execute. This will execute the action or either recalling or saving to the selected storage bin. Pressing either the left (<) or right (>) arrow buttons will initiate a save or recall action.

Information Page



The information page displays general information about the LDDC/LSC unit.

<u>Line 1 & 2:</u> Company information. <u>Line 3:</u> Model number of the LDDC/LSC. <u>Line 4:</u> Firmware version number.

6 Driver I/O Connection

The main interface connection to the diode driver supply utilizes a standard 15 pin D-Sub male type connector.

Number	Name	Туре	Description	Range
1	Enable	Output	TTL output to enable diode	0V = Off
			driver output section	5V = On
2	Status	Input	Indicates status of crowbar	0V = Crowbar Off
	Crowbar		shorting clamp on output.	5V = Crow On
3	Interlock	Output	Open collector output pulled	15V max @100mA
	Control		to ground when activated	sourcing.
4	GND	Ground	Signal Ground	
5	V Monitor	Input	Analog input corresponding	0-10V with 0.01V
			to driver compliance voltage level	resolution.
6	I Monitor	Input	Analog input corresponding	0-10V with 0.01V
			to driver current output	resolution.
7	I Program	Output	Current level adjustment	0-10V with 0.0024V
	D 1			resolution.
8	Pulse	Output	Pulsing control	0V = On 5V = Off
0	COND	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	JV – 011
9	GND	Ground	Signal Ground	
10	N/C	Reserved		
		– No		
		connection		
11	Over Temperature	Input	Over temp input from driver.	0V = Ok 5V = High Temp
12	N/C	Reserved		
		– No		
		connection		
13	+15VDC	Power		+15V @ 200ma
	Input	Input		
14	+15VDC	Power		+15V @ 200ma
	Input	Input		
15	GND	Ground	Power Ground	

7 LSC 1650 Connections

The LSC 1650 has additional connections for the q-switch trigger and sync outputs, the external trigger input, and extra I/O signals. The signal pin outs are as follows:

Q D WITCH	Q bwitch Higger Output (binn connector)			
Number	<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	Description	<u>Range</u>
1	Trigger Output	Output	Q-Switch trigger output	0V = Off 5V = On
2	GND	Ground	Signal Ground	0V

Q-Switch Trigger Output (SMA Connector)

Sync Output (SMA Connector)

Number	Name	Type	Description	<u>Range</u>
1	Sync Output	Output	Sync output	0V = Off 5V = On
2	GND	Ground	Signal Ground	0V

External Trigger Input (SMA Connector)

Number	Name	<u>Type</u>	Description	Range
1	Trigger Input	Output	External trigger input	0-20V (0.5V trigger threshold)
2	GND	Ground	Signal Ground	0V

Additional I/O (IDC 20 Pin)

Number	<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	Description	Range
1	Aux 5VDC	Power Out	Auxiliary +5VDC output	+5V @50ma MAX
2	GND	Ground	Power Ground	0V
3	Q-SW Trig	Output	Q-Switch trigger output	4.2-5VDC @ 25ma
4	GND	Ground	Signal Ground	0V
5	Sync Out	Output	Sync signal output	4.2-5VDC @ 25ma

6	GND	Ground	Signal Ground	0V
7	External Trigger	Input	External trigger input	2 to 20VDC
8	GND	Ground	Signal Ground	0V
9	ThermistorA+	Input	NTC/PTC thermistor input(+)	5K to 100K (typ)
10	ThermistorA-	Input	NTC/PTC thermistor input(-)	5K to 100K (typ)
11	Photodiode Anode	Input	Photodiode anode input	Photoconductive mode
12	Photodiode Cathode	Input	Photodiode cathode input	Photoconductive mode
13	ThermistorB+	Input	NTC/PTC thermistor input(+)	5K to 100K (typ)
14	ThermistorB-	Input	NTC/PTC thermistor input(-)	5K to 100K (typ)
15	Analog Input	Input	Spare analog input	0-5VDC
16	Input #1	Input	Spare input #1	0-5VDC
17	Input #2	Input	Spare input #2	0-5VDC
18	Input #3	Input	Spare input #3	0-5VDC
19	Analog Output	Output	Spare analog output	0-10VDC
20	GND	Ground	Signal Ground	0V

8 Command Set

The LDDC/LSC communicates via a standard USB type B connection. The unit operates in a serial emulation mode in which the host computer will recognize the LDDC/LSC controller on a serial port.

Device Command Format

All commands use ASCII characters and are composed of the following fields: <Prefix><Address><Deliminator><Command String>[Parameters]<Terminator>

<u>Field</u>	Description
Prefix	Single semicolon character ";", must precede all commands. The device will reset its command input buffer when the prefix is received.

Address	2 ASCII characters. Each device has a unique address which is programmed into its firmware. See the table below for a list of addresses.
Deliminator	Single colon character ":", must follow device address.
Command String	Commands are specific to each device see the following sections for the commands that each device supports.
Parameters	(optional field) Some commands may have parameters which are separated by spaces follow the command string. Multiple parameters are also separated by spaces. To query a command parameter, append a "?" to the end of the parameter (no space).
Terminator	ASCII carriage return character (decimal value 13). The receiving device does not process any commands until the terminator is received.

Device Addresses

Address	Device
DC	Diode Controller. NOTE: Also for laser system controller

Command Types

There are two types of commands -- those that set a value or initiate an actions (control commands), and those that request information (query commands). Each device must respond in the proper manner to each type of command.

Control Commands

A device must always parse a control command and return a response immediately.

- If the command is a recognized command and the parameter is valid, then the device returns an "OK<CR>". (<CR> = ASCII carriage return, decimal value 13).
- If the command is not recognized by the device, then it responds with "?1<CR>
- If the command is recognized, but the parameter value is missing or invalid, then the device responds with a "?2<CR>".
- If the command is recognized, but the parameter is out of range, then the device responds with a "?3<CR>".

If a control command is received while the device is in the midst of executing a previous command, and the commands are mutually exclusive (cannot be executed in parallel), then the previous command is aborted and the new one executed. It is up to the host controller (the PC) to poll the device and make sure the previous command is finished, if that is the needed.

Query Commands

Query commands return a value to the PC as soon as the command is parsed and executed. The value returned will depend on the command. The response is always terminated with a <CR>. If a query command is not recognized by the device, then a "?0" is returned.

LDDC/LSC Command Summary

<u>Address</u>	Command	Parameter	Query Response	<u>e</u> <u>Description</u>	
;DC				Diode Controller address which is required before any/all subsequent commands.	
	:BC	1 - 65535	1-65535	Sets and/or queries the burst count feature.	
	:CB?		0 = Open 1 = Closed	Query Only. Returns the Crowbar status.	
	:CM?		0 to max current(up to 3 decimal places)	Query Only. Returns the Current Measurement.	
	:CS	0 - Max Current	0 - Max Current	Sets and/or queries the Current Setting (Up to three decimal places).	
	:CV	0 - 99	0 - 99	Sets and/or queries the Compliance Voltage (Up to one decimal place).	
	:DC	0.0001 – 99.99999 ⁽¹⁾	0.0001 – 99.99999 ⁽¹⁾	Sets and/or queries percentage duty cycle of pulsed output. ⁽¹⁾	
	:DT	0-10	0 = Custom $1 = LDD < 2000W$ $2 = LDD > 2000W$ $3 = LDDHC$ $4 = LDDQCW - 50$ $5 = LDDQCW > 50$ $6 = LDY$ $7 = LDYHC$ $8 = XLB$ $9 = LDQPC$ $10 = LDPC$ $11 = LDN$	Sets and/or queries the type of external Lumina Diode Driver.	
	:EN	0 or 1	0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Sets and/or queries the Enable signal.	
	:IB	0 or 1	0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Bypasses and/or queries the external interlock control so it is always in a closed or shorted state.	
	:IC	0 or 1	0 = Open 1 = Closed	Sets and/or queries Interlock Control feature.	
	:ID?		Ex: Quantum Composers,1550, 1234,0.21.	Identification. Will return an identification string in the format of "Company,Model,Serial number,Firmware version".	

:MC	1 - 999	1 - 999	Sets and/or queries the Maximum Current (Refer to Diode Driver section)
:MR	1 - 100000	1 - 100000	Sets and/or queries the system's Maximum Rate.
:OT?		0 = Okay 1 = Fault	Query only. Returns the Over Temperature status.
:PE	0 or 1	0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Sets and/or queries the pulse mode enable function.
:PM	0, 1, 2, 3	0 = CW 1 = Pulsed 2 = Burst 3 = Single	Sets and/or queries the system's Pulse Mode.
:PW	200ns - 90% of Rate	200ns - 90% of Rate	Sets and/or queries the system's Pulse Width.
:RC	1 - 5	1 - 5	Recall storage bin. Will recall the settings in the specified user storage bin.
:RR	0.1 - 100000	0.1 - 100000	Sets and/or queries the system's Repetition Rate.
:SS?		16 bit decimal	Query Only. Returns the System's State. See the System State section below for return states.
:ST	0 or 1	0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Sets and/or queries the Start signal.
:SV	1 – 5	1-5	Save settings to specified storage bin.
:TB	0 or 1	0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Sets and/or queries the temperature interlock bypass mode.
:VM?		0 – Compliance Voltage	Query Only. Returns the Voltage Measurement (Up to 3 decimal places).
:VN?		Ex: 1.2	Query Only. Returns the system Version Number.

NOTES (1) The maximum Duty Cycle parameter allowed on the LDDC/LSC is a function of the Pulse Mode and Period.

-In Burst Mode, the maximum allowable Duty Cycle percentage is:

$$Max Duty Cycle_{(Burst Mode)} = \left[1 - \frac{0.00003(s)}{Period(s)}\right] * 100$$

-In Single Shot and Pulsed Mode, the maximum allowable Duty Cycle percentage is:

Max Duty Cycle_(Single & Pulsed Mode) =
$$\left[1 - \frac{0.00001(s)}{\text{Period}(s)}\right] * 100$$

LSC 1650 Specific Command Summary

Address	Command	<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Response</u>	Description
;DC				Diode Controller address which is required before any/all subsequent commands.
	:AI?		0-5 (up to 3 decimal places. 5mV resolution)	Spare analog input query. Returns the A/D count from the 0-5V input.
	:AO	0-10 (up to 3 decimal places. 2.44mV resolution)	0-10 (up to 3 decimal places. 2.44mV resolution)	Sets and/or queries the spare analog output
	:AT?		0-1024	Reads the value of the A thermistor input in A/D counts
	:BT?		0-1024	Reads the value of the B thermistor input in A/D counts
	:ET	 0 - Disable 1 - Start rising edge 2 - Start falling edge 3 - Stop rising edge 4 - Start/Stop rising edge 5 - Start/Stop falling edge 6 - Gate active high 7 - Gate active low 	 0 - Disable 1 - Start rising edge 2 - Start falling edge 3 - Stop rising edge 4 - Start/Stop rising edge 5 - Start/Stop falling edge 6 - Gate active high 7 - Gate active low 	External trigger settings
	:I1?		0 or 1	Spare TTL input #1. 0V = 0 and $5V = 1$.
	:I2?		0 or 1	Spare TTL input #2. $0V$ = 0 and $5V$ = 1.
	:I3?		0 or 1	Spare TTL input #3. $0V$ = 0 and $5V = 1$.
	:PD?		0-1024	Reads the value of the photodiode input in A/D counts.
	:QD	+/-0 to 0.0061	+/-0 to 0.0061	Q-Switch delay setting. +/-6.1ms.

:QE	0 or 1	0 or 1	Q-switch trigger enable. 0 = disable, $1 = $ enable.
:SY	0 - Disabled 1 - Pulse Control 2 - Q-switch 3 - Pulse Control/Q- Switch	 0 - Disabled 1 - Pulse Control 2 - Q-switch 3 - Pulse Control/Q- Switch 	Sync output setting.

System State Return

The system state return is represented by a 16 bit binary number in which only the first 6 bits are utilized. As seen below, each bit represents an individual state (Crowbar status, Interlock status, etc.). Upon sending the System State query command, a decimal representation of the binary status bits will be returned.

<u>Example 1</u>: Crowbar = Closed, Over Temp = OK, Interlock = Closed, Fault = No Fault, Ready = 1, Active = Stop, Enable = Active \rightarrow 1010001 = **85** <u>Example 2</u>: Crowbar = Open, Over Temp = Fault, Interlock = Open, Fault = Fault, Ready = 0, Active = Stop, Enable = Inactive \rightarrow 0101000 = **40**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Unused	Crowbar	Over	Interlock	Fault	Ready	Active	Enable
		Temp					
	0 = Open	_	0 = Open	0 = No	0 = Not	0 = Stop	0 = Inactive
	1 = Closed	0 = OK	1 = Closed	Fault	Ready	1 = Start	1 = Active
		1 = Fault		1 = Fault	1= Ready		

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Unused	Unused	Unused	Unused	Unused	Unused	Q-SW	Ext Trig
						Mode	_
							0 = Disable
						0 = Disable	1 = Enabled
						1 = Enabled	

9 Basic Setup and Operation

The LDDC/LSC has multiple functions and parameters which provides the potential for a number of modes of operation. The following sections will outline a sequential list to be carried out regarding basic start-up and operation pertaining to different scenarios:

Remote Operation Using Commands

The first example will concentrate on remote communications-based (via USB) operation that requires the Diode Driver to supply power at a constant level while utilizing the Interlock Control and Pulse Mode features.

- 1. First, ensure required USB drivers are already installed. Connect the LDDC/LSC to the remote communications computer via USB.
- 2. Connect the LDDC/LSC to the Diode Driver Supply with a DB16 connector. If the Diode Driver has the option of providing an auxiliary +15VDC (200mA) through pins 13

or 14, no other power supply is needed. If no auxiliary power can be provided, an external +15VDC (200mA) supply may be used.

- 3. Turn on the LDDC/LSC, press any key, and take note of the LDDC/LSC main screen which states what the maximum current output is set to. Ensure that this maximum current value does not exceed that of the Diode Driver or the laser diode. If this value needs to be changed, take note of what this value needs to be changed to and reference the following remote commands which will address this.
- 4. Now ensure that the computer recognizes the unit as a "LDDC Controller." Open a terminal program such as Hyperterminal and select the appropriate COM port that the LDDC/LSC now resides on. The communication settings are as follows: Baud Rate = Any, Data Bits = 8, Parity = None, Stop Bits = 1.
- 5. Each driver can have a specific compliance voltage that is part of the model number. The measured compliance voltage on the main page is based off this value. If your supply provides a direct one to one output of the compliance voltage, then the compliance voltage calibration can be reduced to zero or set to a value of 10. When set to zero, you will see a "Direct" indication on the display. Again, if this value needs to be changed, take note of what this value needs to be changed to and reference the following remote commands which will address this.
- 6. Send the following sequence of commands using the terminal program by referencing the following example:

Example 1

Continuous Wave, Interlock Control Enabled, Maximum Current = 10 Amps, Compliance Voltage = 2 Volts, Current Setting = 5 Amps

;DC:MC 10 <cr></cr>	Sets the Maximum Current to 10 Amps
;DC:CV 2 <cr></cr>	Sets the Compliance Voltage to 2 Volts
;DC:PM 0 <cr></cr>	Sets the Pulse Mode to Continuous Wave
;DC:IC 1 <cr></cr>	Sets the Interlock Control to "Closed"
;DC:CS 5 <cr></cr>	Sets the Current Setting to 5 Amps
;DC:EN 1 <cr></cr>	Sets the Enable signal to "Enabled"
;DC:ST 1 <cr></cr>	Sets the Start signal to "Active" (begins firing)
;DC:SS? <cr></cr>	Query the system status for information

Remote Operation Using Software GUI

The included software application allows simple control of the LDDC/LSC unit via the USB communications port. The software is included on the CD. To run the software, just double click on the application. No installation is required. The software can also be copied to your computer and run from any location.

File Help
File Help System Status Settings Setup Store-Recall Enabled Active Ready Fault Interlock Control Over Temp Crowbar Pulse Rate (Hz) Pulse Width (s) Q.0100000 Burst Count [100 Pulse Mode Cw Pulse Mode Closed Current Measurement: 10.156 Command Terminal Information Company Mode: 1550 SN: 0 Fwith 0.0.32

Basic operation of the software is as follows:

- Run the application by double clicking on it.
- Select the appropriate communications port that the LDDC/LSC unit is on. You can go to the Windows device manager to see what port the LDDC/LSC resides on. If you do not select the correct port, then the software will report an error message.
- Setup the unit with the appropriate maximum current, compliance voltage, max rate, etc. on the Setup tab. The values can be either typed in or incremented/decremented using the arrows.
- Adjust the appropriate running conditions on the Settings tab. This includes current, pulse rate, pulse widths, burst counts, and operation modes.
- The external interlock control can be toggled opened or closed via the Interlock Control selection.
- The LDDC/LSC can be enabled and then started by pressing the Enable and Start button. The buttons will toggle to Disable and Stop buttons to allow stoppage of the unit.
- The current and voltage measurement readings values will be displayed as well as indicated on the progress bar.
- Status of the unit will also be displayed in the System Status area.
- Device storage locations can be accessed under the Storage tab. Select the appropriate storage bin and press either Store or Recall to execute.

- The information screen will display the manufacture, model number, serial number and firmware version.
- To directly send terminal commands to the LDDC/LSC, they can be entered in the command terminal send field. The responses from the unit will be displayed in the response window.

10 Analog Measurement

The LDDC/LSC will update the voltage monitor (V Monitor) every 200ms. At each update 10 samples are taken in succession at a rate of 150Khz and then averaged. The display will then be updated every 200ms. The current measurement input when in CW mode or when not active in pulsed mode will update at the same rate as the voltage monitor. When the LDDC/LSC is in pulsed mode and actively pulsing samples are taken during each pulse. The timing of the sample is approximately half of the set pulse width. When pulse widths are set to less than 5us, the LDDC/LSC will no longer sample due to timing restrictions. If the pulse rate is also greater than 50KHz, samples will no longer be taken. The I Meas on the first page will read "---.--" when this occurs. Increase the pulse width or reduce the pulse rate to allow for current measurement readings. Please note that driver rise times of the current pulse may affect the readings if the rise times are slow enough such that full scale current cannot be reached in the timeframe of the set pulse width.

11 Laser System Controller Model 1650 Features

The Model LSC 1650 adds additional features and I/O to the standard functions of the LDD 1550. The following sections describe these features and their usages.

Q-Switch Trigger

This output can be used to trigger various q-switch drivers. The trigger can be delayed from the pulse control signal. The q-switch trigger is currently limited to a 50KHz rate. The amount you can delay (either + or -) will depend on the currently selected pulse control width and the rate of the pulses. The firmware will limit the q-switch delay automatically if you either exceed the total delay of ~13ms by either increasing the pulse width too long or by shortening the pulse rate period too low.

Sync Output

This is a sync output that can be based off the pulse control, q-switch or combination of both. This signal could be used to trigger external devices that need to be synchronized to either the pulse control or the q-switch. Once the sync source is set to pulse control, it will follow the pulse control signal. If set to q-switch control, it will follow the q-switch signal. If set to pulse/q-sw, then the rising edge is set by the rising edge of the pulse control and the falling edge happens on the rising edge of the q-switch pulse.

External Trigger

This input can be utilized to externally trigger or gate the LSC unit. Various modes can be selected. Start, stop, start/stop, gate and rising and falling edge. Selecting Start will start the currently selected pulse mode sequence. So, for example if you are in single shot mode, you will

get one pulse control signal for every rising (or falling) edge that the unit receives. This is the most common mode of operation. If you are in burst mode, then the burst sequence will start. If in pulsed mode, then the unit will begin pulsing once an external edge is received. If stop is selected any ongoing sequence will be stopped. Start/Stop will start a sequence on the first edge and then stop it on the next edge. Gate mode will allow the unit to operate as long as the gate input is either high or low (depends on mode).

Thermistor Inputs

Standard resistive thermistors NTC/PTC can be monitored. The value read from these inputs (A and B) can be queried via the USB port. Different values of thermistors can be connected to the + and – connections. As the thermistor resistance changes, a change in the reading will occur. Currently an A/D bit value is returned. This corresponds to the relative change in the input resistance. The input is measured once a query is received.

Photodiode Input

A photodiode input can be monitored. A standard photodiode can be connected to the anode and cathode inputs. The input is configured in a photoconductive mode with a zero bias. The ouput that is read will be proportional to the current generated by the photodiode. This value can be queried from the USB port. Values read are in A/D counts from 0 to 1024. The input is measured once a query is received.

Spare Analog Input

An analog input can be used to monitor a 0-5V input from various devices or sensors. This value can be read from the USB port. Values are in volts measured from 0 to 5V. The input is measured on a query.

Spare Analog Output

A spare 0-10V output can be independently controlled for controlling various devices such as a TEC controller. This output can be set from 0-10V via the USB port. The output is changed once the command is processed.

Spare Inputs

Three TTL compatible inputs can be monitored for various uses. Voltage levels from 0 to 5V can be monitored via the USB port. Values are read and returned once the command is processed.

12 Standard Specifications

These specifications are common to both the LDDC and the LSC units. Specifications only relevant to the LSC unit are shown after the common specifications:

- Indoor use in dry conditions only
- Ordinary Protection: This product is NOT protected against harmful ingress of moisture.
- Class III Equipment (external 15VDC power source)
- External Power Supply: Class II (ground connection not required for safety)
 - o Mains Supply Input: 100-240V ~ 50-60Hz 0.35A
 - Output: 15VDC 0.8A
- Pollution Degree II (micro-ambient pollution restricted to temporary conductivity caused by condensation)
- Installation (overvoltage) Category II for transient over-voltages
- Maximum Relative Humidity: <80%, relative humidity, non-condensing
- Operation temperature range of -0° C to $+40^{\circ}$ C ($+32^{\circ}$ F to $+104^{\circ}$ F)
- Storage and transportation temperature of -40° C to $+70^{\circ}$ C (-40° F to $+158^{\circ}$ F)
- Maximum altitude: 0 to 2000m (6562 ft.)
- Weight of the equipment: 0.4kg (0.9lb)
- Accessories: External Power Supply (CUI Inc., Model HK-CH12-A15)

		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
I/O Configuration					
			Std DB15		
Pulse Mode Options		Sing	gle Shot, Pulse	ed, Burst, a	nd CW
Burst Count		1		65535	Pulses
Internal Rate					
Generator					
	Rate	0.1		100,000	Hz
	Resolution		100		ns
	Accuracy		25		ns
	Jitter (pulse to pulse)		1		ns(rms)
Timing					
	Pulse Width Range	100n		10	S
	Width Accuracy		25		ns
	Width Resolution		100		ns
Digital Input					
	Range	0		5	V

	Input Impedance		11		KOhms
Digital Control Output					
	Range	0		5	V
	High-Level Output	4	4.2	5	V
	Output Impedance		100		Ohms
	Max Current ($V_{out} = 5V$)			24	mA
Analog Measurement	~				
	Range	0.01		10	VDC
	Resolution		10		mVDC
	Input Impedance		147		KOhms
Analog Control Output	Range	0		10	VDC
	Resolution		2.45		mVDC
	Output Impedance		51		Ohms
	High-Level Output (Load \geq 5K Ohms) (V _{out} = 2.5V) (V _{out} = 5V) (V _{out} = 10V)	2.48 4.95 9.90		2.5 5 10	V
	$Max Current$ $(V_{out} = 2.5V)$ $(V_{out} = 5V)$ $(V_{out} = 10V)$			3 7 10	mA
	Nominal Current (Ensures ≤ 1% Voltage Output error)			2	mA
Power Input					
	DC Voltage	13	15	24	VDC
	DC Current	150	175	200	mA
Communication					
	USB		Type B/Serial Emulation		
	Ethernet		Optional		

13 LSC 1650 Specifications

		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
I/O Configuration		20 Pin IDC for I/O and SMA for Q-sw, sync and ext, trigger			
Q-switch Trigger					
	Modes		Enab	led/Disab	led
	Delay Range (from falling edge of pulse control) *Total delay time of 12.2ms available with respect to Pulse Control's rising edge.	-6.1		+6.1	ms
	Amplitude	4	4.2	5	V
	Width		5		us
	Rate	0.1		50K	Hz
	Resolution		200		ns
	Accuracy		25		ns
	Jitter (from pulse control's falling edge)		50		ns(peak)
Sync					
	Modes	Pulse Control, Q-SW Control, Pulse/Q-SW		Q-SW Q-SW	
	Amplitude	4	4.2	5	V
Delays					
	Rising edge of pulse control		460		ns
	Falling edge of pulse control		750		ns
	Rising edge of q-sw		75		ns
	Falling edge of q-sw		105		ns
Jitter					
	To pulse control		25		ns peak
	To Q-Sw control		2		ns peak

External Trigger					
	Modes	Start, S Gate	Stop, Star AH, Gat	t/Stop, e AL	Rising/Falling
	Input levels	2		20	V
	Insertion delay		3		us
	Insertion Jitter		100		ns peak
	Rate	0		100K	Hz
Digital Inputs					
	Range	0		5	V
	Input Impedance		11		KOhms
Digital Outputs					
	Range	0		5	V (TTL)
	High-Level Output	4	4.2	5	V
	Output Impedance		100		Ohms
	Max Current ($V_{out} = 5V$)			24	mA
Analog Inputs					
	Range	0		10	V
	Resolution		4.88		mV (10 bit)
	Input Impedance		147		KOhms
Analog Outputs					
	Range	0		10	V
	Resolution		2.45		mV (12 bit)
	Output Impedance		51		Ohms
	High-Level Output (Load \geq 5K Ohms) (V _{ert} = 2.5V)	2.48		2.5	v
	$(V_{out} = 2.5 V)$ $(V_{out} = 5V)$ $(V_{out} = 10V)$	4.95 9.90		5 10	
	$\label{eq:current} \begin{array}{l} \text{Max Current} \\ (V_{out} = 2.5 \text{V}) \\ (V_{out} = 5 \text{V}) \\ (V_{out} = 10 \text{V}) \end{array}$			3 7 10	mA
	Nominal Current (Ensures ≤ 1% Voltage Output error)			2	mA

Photo Diode					
	Range	0		330	uA
	Resolution		10 bit		
Thermistor (A & B)					
	Range	2K		100K	ohms
	Resolution		10 bit		

Safety Symbols

This section provides a description of the safety marking symbols that appear on the instrument. These symbols provide information about potentially dangerous situations which can result in death, injury, or damage to the instrument and other components.

Symbols	Publications; Descriptions & Comments
	IEC 417, No. 5031 Direct current - VDC may be used on rating labels.
\sim	IEC 417, No. 5032 Alternating current - For rating labels, the symbol is typically replaced by V and Hz as in 230V, 50Hz. DO NOT USE Vac.
	IEC 417, No. 5017 Earth (ground) terminal - Primarily used for functional earth terminals which are generally associated with test and measurement circuits. These terminals are not for safety earthing purposes but provide an earth reference point.
Ţ	IEC 417, No. 5019 Protective conductor terminal - This symbol is specifically reserved for the protective conductor terminal and no other. It is placed at the equipment earthing point and is mandatory for all grounded equipment .
\rightarrow	IEC 417, No. 5020 Frame or chassis terminal - Used for points other than protective conductor and functional earth terminals where there is a connection to accessible conductive terminals to advise the user of a chassis connection.
I	IEC 417, No. 5007 On (Supply) - Note that this symbol is a bar, normally applied in the vertical orientation. It is not the number 1.
0	IEC 417, No. 5008 Off (Supply) - Note that this symbol is a true circle. It is not the number 0 or the letter O.



IEC 417, No. 5172 Equipment protected by double insulation or reinforced insulation (equivalent to Class II if IEC 60536).



ISO 3864, No. B.3.1

Background colour - yellow; symbol and outline – black Caution - (refer to accompanying documents) used to direct the user to the instruction manual where it is necessary to follow certain specified instructions where safety is involved. Colour requirements do not apply to markings on equipment if the symbol is moulded or engraved to a depth or raised height of 0.5 mm, or that the symbol and outline are contrasting in colour with the background.



IEC 417, No. 5104 Start (of action).



IEC 417, No. 5110 Stop (of action).

Appendix B - Lumina Power Driver Connections

The LDDC/LSC can be interfaced to many of the Lumina Power brand laser diode drivers. Quantum Composers offers optional cables that can be purchased to interface to these diode drivers. Below is a table showing the types of cables that can be used to interface with the drivers.

Lumina Power	Quantum Composers	Special Instructions
Driver Model#	Cable Part Number	
LDD-50	300002-223 (non-shielded)	Pulsed output only available on LDD-
LDD-100	300002-229 (shielded)	2500/3000/6000 series. For use with the
LDD-150	200002 22) (Sinciaca)	2500/5000/0000 series. For use with the
LDD-250		other LDD models, disable the pulse
LDD-600		control function. This can be turned on/off
LDD-1000		on the system setup page #2 or the "PE"
LDD-1500		command. The temperature interlock must
LDD-2500		be bypassed as on the setup page #2 or the
LDD-3000		"TB" command. LDDC/LSC can be
LDD-6000		powered from LDD driver.
LDDHC-600	300002-223 (non-shielded)	The temperature interlock must be
LDDHC-1000	300002-229 (shielded)	bypassed as on the setup page #2 or the
LDDHC-1500		"TB" command LDDC/LSC can be
		powered from LDD driver
		powered from EDD driver.
LDQCW-50	300002-223 (non-shielded)	The temperature interlock is not utilized
	300002-229 (shielded)	and can be bypassed as on the setup page
		#2 or the "TB" command The LDDC/LSC
		must be powered from the external wall
		mount supply
		mount suppry.
LDQCW-250	300002-224	The LDDC/LSC can be powered from the
LDQCW-600		250/600W drivers. The poor load match
		and ready status are not currently
		monitored by the LDDC/LSC
LDY-600	300002-223 (non-shielded)	The LDDC/LSC may be powered directly
LDY-1000	300002-229 (shielded)	from the LDY.
LDY-1500		
LDYHC-600	300002-223 (non-shielded)	The LDDC/LSC may be powered directly
LDYHC-1000	300002-229 (shielded)	from the LDYHC.
LDYHC-1500		

LDQPC	300002-223 (non-shielded) 300002-229 (shielded)	The LDDC/LSC must be powered from the external wall mount supply.
XLB-650 XLB-1000 XLB-1500 XLB-3000 XLB-5000	300002-225	The LDDC/LSC may be powered directly from the XLB. The Lamp Status signal is not currently monitored by the LDDC/LSC. Pulse enable should be set to off.
LDPC	300002-226	The LDDC/LSC must be powered from the external wall mount supply. The LDPC does not have an over-temp, interlock, or crowbar feature so these options must be disabled or not used.
LDN	16001153-223 (non-shielded) 16001153-229 (shielded)	The LDDC/LSC may be powered directly from the LDN.

Appendix C CE Declaration of Conformity



MANUFACTURERS DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Application of Council Directive(s) EMC Directive 89/336/EEC

application of Sounen Directive(3)	Livie Directive 89/330/LEC
	Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC 93/68/EEC
Manufacturer's Name	Quantum Composers, Inc.
Manufacturer's Address	212 Discovery Drive
	Bozeman, Montana 59718
Model Name	LDDC 1550
Starting Serial No.	3283
Year of Manufacture	2011
Conformance to	EN 61326-1: 2006 Basic Requirements
	EN 61010-1: 2010 Part 1

We, the undersigned, hereby declare that the equipment specified above conforms to the above Directive(s).

Location	Bozeman, Montana	Representative Name Paula Carstenson
Date	August 29, 2011	Title <u>V.R. Product Development</u>

01/05/12